

Agilent E8267D PSG Vector Signal Generator

Data Sheet



The Agilent E8267D is a fully synthesized signal generator with high output power, low phase noise, and I/Q modulation capability.

Specifications apply over a 0 to 55 °C range, unless otherwise stated, and apply after a 45 minute warm-up time. With vector modulation on, specifications apply after executing I/Q calibration with instrument maintained within \pm 5 °C of calibration temperature unless otherwise stated. Supplemental characteristics, denoted as typical, nominal, or measured, provide additional (non-warranted) information at 25 °C, which may be useful in the application of the product.

Unless otherwise noted, this data sheet applies to units with serial numbers ending with 50420000 or greater.

Definitions

Specifications (spec): Represents warranted performance for instruments with a current calibration.

Typical (typ): Represents characteristic performance which is non-warranted. Describes performance that will be met by a minimum of 80% of all products.

Nominal (nom): Represents characteristic performance which is non-warranted. Represents the value of a parameter that is most likely to occur; the expected mean or mode of all instruments at room temperature (approximately 25 °C).

Measured: Represents characteristic performance which is non-warranted. Represents the value of a parameter measured on an instrument during design stage.



Table of Contents

Specifications	3
Frequency 3	3
Step (digital) sweep	3
Ramp (analog) sweep4	ļ
Output 5	j
Spectral purity	}
Frequency modulation 14	ŀ
Phase modulation	j
Amplitude modulation	j
External modulation inputs	ì
Internal modulation source	ì
Wideband AM16	ì
Pulse modulation	1
Narrow pulse modulation	1
Pulse modulation	}
Internal pulse generator	
Simultaneous modulation	}
Vector modulation	
Internal baseband generator, arbitrary waveform mode 22	
Internal baseband generator, real-time mode 25	
Remote programming	
General specifications	}
Input/Output Descriptions)
Front panel connectors	
Rear panel connectors	
Auxiliary I/O connector	
Options, Accessories, and Related Products)
Web Resources	}
Polated Agilant Literature 2/	1

Specifications

Frequency

Range ¹	
Option 520	250 kHz to 20 GHz
Option 532	250 kHz to 31.8 GHz
Option 544	250 kHz to 44 GHz
Resolution	
CW	0.001 Hz
All sweep modes ²	0.01 Hz
Switching speed 3, 4, 5	Standard Opt UNX Opt UNY
I/Q modulation off	< 16 ms (typ) < 16 ms (typ) < 26 ms (typ)
I/Q modulation on	< 24 ms (typ) < 24 ms (typ) < 34 ms (typ)
Phase offset	Adjustable in nominal 0.1 ° increments
Frequency bands	
Band	Frequency range N ⁶
1	250 kHz to 250 MHz 1/8
2	> 250 to 500 MHz 1/16
3	> 500 MHz to 1 GHz 1/8
4	> 1 to 2 GHz 1/4
5	> 2 to 3.2 GHz 1/2
6	> 3.2 to 10 GHz 1
7	> 10 to 20 GHz 2
8 9	> 20 to 28.5 GHz 3 > 28.5 to 44 GHz 5
Accuracy	± [(time since last adjustment x aging rate)
	+ temperature effects + line voltage effects + calibration accuracy]
Internal timebase reference osc	
internal timebase reference osc	ciliator
Aging rate ⁹	$< \pm 3 \times 10^{-8}$ /year or
Aging rate	$< \pm 2.5 \times 10^{-10}$ /day after 30 days
Initial achievable calibration acc	
Temperature effects (typ)	< ± 4.5 x 10 ⁻⁹ from 0 to 55 °C
Line voltage effects (typ)	$< \pm 2 \times 10^{-10}$ for $\pm 10\%$ change
External reference frequency	10 MHz only
Lock range	± 1.0 ppm
Reference output	_ 1.0 pp.ii
Frequency	10 MHz
Amplitude	> +4 dBm into 50 Ω load (typ)
External reference input	7 1 dBill little 00 12 10dd (typ)
Amplitude	$5 \text{ dBm} \pm 5 \text{ dB}^7$
Input impedance	50 Ω (nom)
Operating modes	Step sweep of frequency or amplitude or both (start to stop)
Operacing modes	List sweep of frequency or amplitude or both (arbitrary list)
Swoon range	Liot oversp of frequency of amplitude of both (arbitrary list)
Sweep range Frequency sweep	Within instrument frequency range
Amplitude sweep	Within attenuator hold range (see "Output" section)
rumpintado ovvocp	Within attenuator field range (300 Output 360ff0ff)

Step (digital) sweep

External reference input					
Amplitude	$5 \text{ dBm} \pm 5 \text{ dB}^7$				
Input impedance	50 Ω (nom)				
Operating modes	Step sweep of frequency or amplitude or both (start to stop) List sweep of frequency or amplitude or both (arbitrary list)				
Sweep range					
Frequency sweep	Within instrument free	quency range			
Amplitude sweep	Within attenuator hold	d range (see "Outp	out" section)		
Dwell time	1 ms to 60 s				
Number of points	2 to 65535 (step swee	p)			
	2 to 1601 per table (lis	st sweep)			
Triggering	Auto, external, single,	or GPIB			
Settling time	Standard	Opt UNX	Opt UNY		
Frequency ⁸	< 9 ms (typ)	< 9 ms (typ)	< 19 ms (typ)		
Amplitude	< 5 ms (typ)	< 5 ms (typ)	< 5 ms (typ)		

^{1.} Operational, but unspecified, down to 100 kHz.

^{2.} In ramp sweep mode (Option 007), resolution is limited with narrow spans and slow sweep speeds. Refer to ramp sweep specifications for more information.

Time from GPIB trigger to frequency within 0.1 ppm of final frequency above 250 MHz or within 100 Hz below 250 MHz.
 Add 12 ms (typ) when switching from greater than 3.2 GHz to less than 3.2 GHz.
 With Option 1EH low band harmonic filters off. With the 1EH filters turned on, add 4 ms.
 N is a factor used to help define certain specifications within the document.

^{7.} To optimize phase noise use 5 dBm \pm 2 dB.

 ^{8. 19} ms (typ) when stepping from greater than 3.2 GHz to less than 3.2 GHz.
 9. Not verified by Agilent N7800A TME Calibration and Adjustment Software. Daily aging rate may be verified as a supplementary chargeable service, on request.

Ramp (analog) sweep (Option 007)¹

Operating modes	 Synthesized frequency sweep 				
	(start/stop), (center/span), (swept CW)				
	•	plitude) sweep (start/st	op)		
	 Manual sw 				
		ol between start and sto	p frequencies		
	 Alternate s 	•			
		successive sweeps betw	veen current and		
	stored stat				
Sweep span range	Settable from	n minimum ² to full range			
Maximum sweep rate	Start frequency	Maximum sweep rate	Max span for		
			100 ms sweep		
	250 kHz to < 0.5 GHz	25 MHz/ms	2.5 GHz		
	0.5 to < 1 GHz	50 MHz/ms	5 GHz		
	1 to < 2 GHz	100 MHz/ms	10 GHz		
	2 to < 3.2 GHz	200 MHz/ms	20 GHz		
	≥ 3.2 GHz	400 MHz/ms	40 GHz		
Frequency accuracy	± 0.05% of s	\pm 0.05% of span \pm timebase (at 100 ms sweep time, for			
	sweep spans	less than maximum val	ues given above)		
		roves proportionally as sw			
Sweep time	(Forward swee	ep, not including bandswitcl	n and retrace intervals)		
Manual mode	Settable 10 n	ns to 200 seconds			
Resolution	1 ms				
Auto mode		um value determined by	maximum sweep		
	rate and 875	7D setting			
Triggering	Auto, externa	al, single, or GPIB			
Markers		ent, continuously variable			
Display	Z-axis intens	ity or RF amplitude pulse	е		
Functions	M1 to center	, M1/M2 to start/stop,	marker delta		
Two-tone (master/slav	e) Two PSGs ca	n synchronously track e	ach other, with		
measurements ⁴		control of start/stop fre			
Network analyzer compa		ible with Agilent 8757D			
	analyzer; also	o useable with Agilent 8	757A/C/E scalar		
	network anal	lyzers for making basic s	wept		
	measuremen	ts ⁵			

^{1.} During ramp sweep operation, AM, FM, phase modulation, and pulse modulation are useable but performance is not specified; wideband AM and I/Q modulation are not useable.

^{2.} Minimum settable sweep span is proportional to carrier frequency and sweep time. Actual sweep span may be slightly different than desired setting for spans less than [0.00004% of carrier frequency or 140 Hz] x [sweep time in seconds]. Actual span will always be displayed correctly.

^{3.} Typical accuracy for sweep times > 100 ms can be calculated from the equation: [(0.005% of span)/(sweep time in seconds)] ± timebase. Accuracy is not specified for sweep times < 100 ms.

^{4.} For master/slave operation, use Agilent part number 8120-8806 master/slave interface cable.

^{5.} GPIB system interface is not supported with 8757A/C/E, only with 8757D. As a result, some features of the 8757A/C/E, such as frequency display, pass-through mode, and alternate sweep, do not function with PSG signal generators.

Output Power^{1,2} (dBm) (Without Option UNY) Frequency range Spec (typ) Option 520 250 kHz to 3.2 GHz -130 to +13 (+16) 250 kHz to 3.2 GHz with Option UNW -130 to +9 (+13) 250 kHz to 3.2 GHz with Option 1EH -130 to $+10 (+13)^3$ 250 kHz to 3.2 GHz with Options UNW and 1EH -130 to $+7 (+12)^3$ > 3.2 to 10 GHz -130 to +18 (+23)4 > 10 to 20 GHz -130 to +18 (+22)4 **Options 532 and 544** -130 to +12 (+15) 250 kHz to 3.2 GHz 250 kHz to 3.2 GHz with Option UNW -130 to +8 (+12) -130 to $+9 (+12)^3$ 250 kHz to 3.2 GHz with Option 1EH 250 kHz to 3.2 GHz with Options UNW and 1EH -130 to $+6 (+11)^3$ -130 to $+14 (+21)^4$ > 3.2 to 10 GHz > 10 to 20 GHz -130 to $+14 (+18)^4$ > 20 to 32 GHz -130 to +14 (+18)⁵

(With Option UNY)

Maximum output power (dBm)⁶

Minimum settable output power

> 32 to 40 GHz

> 40 to 44 GHz

	Spec (typ)				
Frequency range ⁷	CW	Standard I/Q ⁸	Wideband I/Q ⁹		
Option 520					
10 to 250 MHz (filters on)	+15 (+17)	+15 (+16)	+11 (+15)		
> 0.25 to 2 GHz (filters on)	+16 (+17)	+16 (+17)	+14 (+16)		
250 kHz to 10 MHz	+14 (+17)	+14 (+17)	(+14)		
> 10 to < 60 MHz	+16 (+19)	+16 (+19)	+14 (+17)		
60 to 400 MHz	+20 (+21)	+20 (+21)	+18 (+21)		
> 0.4 to 3.2 GHz	+21 (+23)	+20 (+22)	+18 (+20)		
> 3.2 to 10 GHz	+18 (+23)	+18 (+21)	+12 (+16)		
> 10 to 20 GHz	+18 (+22)	+18 (+21)	+12 (+16)		
Option 532 and 544					
10 to 250 MHz (filters on)	+14 (+16)	+14 (+16)	+9 (+12)		
> 0.25 to 2 GHz (filters on)	+15 (+16)	+15 (+16)	+9 (+13)		
250 kHz to 10 MHz	+13 (+16)	+13 (+17)	(+13)		
> 10 to < 60 MHz	+15 (+18)	+15 (+17)	+13 (+16)		
60 to 400 MHz	+19 (+21)	+18 (+20)	+17 (+20)		
> 0.4 to 3.2 GHz	+20 (+22)	+17 (+20)	+17 (+19)		
> 3.2 to 10 GHz	+14 (+21)	+14 (+21)	+9 (+13)		
> 10 to 20 GHz	+14 (+18)	+14 (+18)	+8 (+14)		
> 20 to 32 GHz	+14 (+18)	+14 (+18)	(+14)		
> 32 to 40 GHz	+12 (+18)	+12 (+16)	(+13)		
> 40 to 44 GHz	+10 (+13)	+10 (+15)	(+13)		

-130 to $+12 (+18)^5$

-130 to +10 (+13)5

-130 dBm

^{1.} Maximum power specifications are warranted from 15 to 35 °C, and are typical from 0 to 15 °C. Maximum power over the 35 to 55 °C range typically degrades less than 2 dB unless otherwise stated.

^{2.} With I/Q modulation on, maximum power specification is typical. With external inputs enabled, $\sqrt{(l^2 + Q^2)} > 0.2 \text{ V}_{rms}$.

^{3.} With harmonic filters switched off. With filters on, maximum output power is reduced 3 dB for frequencies below 2 GHz.

^{4.} With I/Q modulation on, maximum power specification is typically reduced 3 dB.

^{5.} Maximum power over the 35 to 55 °C range typically degrades less than 4 dB. With I/Q modulation on, maximum power specification is typically reduced 5 dB.

^{6.} Maximum power specifications are warranted from 15 to 35 °C. From 0 to 15 °C, the performance is typically the same as the warranted specification. From 35 to 55 °C, the performance is typically 2 dB less than the warranted specification.

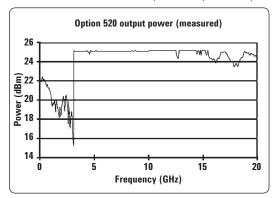
^{7.} With Option 1EH low-pass filters below 2 GHz switched off, unless otherwise specified. Specifications above 2 GHz apply with filters on or off.

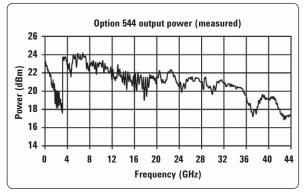
^{8.} Applies when using the standard I/Q inputs or the internal baseband generator (Option 602) and $\sqrt{(l^2+Q^2)} \ge 0.5$ Vrms.

^{9.} Applies when using the wideband external differential I/Q inputs (Option 016) and $\sqrt{(I^2 + Q^2)} \ge 0.2$ Vrms.

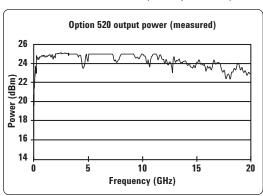
Maximum available power in CW mode (measured)

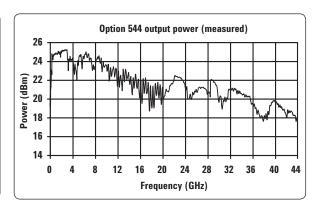
(without Option UNY)





(with Option UNY)





Step attenuator ³	0 to 115 dB in 5 dB steps
Attenuator hold range	
Minimum	From -15 dBm to maximum specified output power with step attenuator in 0 dB position; can be offset using step attenuator
Amplitude switching speed	
ALC on:	< 6 ms (typ) ¹
ALC off:	< 10 ms (typ) (not including power search) ²

^{1.} To within 0.1 dB of final amplitude within one attenuator range.

^{2.} To within $0.5~\mathrm{dB}$ of final amplitude within one attenuator range. Add up to $50~\mathrm{ms}$ when using power search.

^{3.} The step attenuator provides coarse power attenuation to achieve low power levels. Fine power level adjustment is provided by the ALC (Automatic Level Control) within the attenuator hold range.

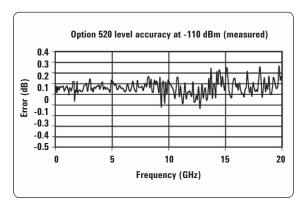
Level accuracy ¹ (dB)						
Frequency	> +10 dBm	+10 to -10 dBm	< -10 to -70 dBm	< -70 to -90 dBm		
250 kHz to 2 GHz	± 0.6	± 0.6	± 0.7	± 0.8		
> 2 to 20 GHz	± 0.8	± 0.8	± 0.9	± 1.0		
> 20 to 32 GHz	± 1.0	± 0.9	± 1.0	± 1.7		
> 32 to 44 GHz	± 1.0	± 0.9	± 1.5	± 2.0		

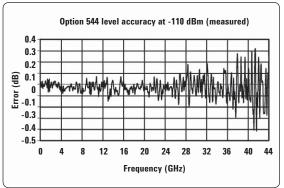
CW level accuracy with I/Q modulation (With PRBS modulated data) (relative to CW)

With ALC on:

QAM or QPSK formats 2 \pm 0.2 dB Constant-amplitude formats (FSK, GMSK, etc) \pm 0.2 dB With ALC off: 3 \pm 0.2 dB (typ)

Level accuracy (measured)





Resolution	0.01 dB
Temperature stability	0.01 dB/ °C (typ) ⁴
User flatness correction	
Number of points	2 to 1601 points/table
Number of tables	Up to 10,000, memory limited
Path loss	Arbitrary, within attenuator range
Entry modes	Remote power meter ⁵ , remote bus, manual
	(user edit/view)
Output impedance	50 Ω (nom)
SWR (internally leveled)	
Option 520	
250 kHz to 2 GHz	< 1.4:1 (typ)
> 2 GHz to 20 GHz	< 1.6:1 (typ)
Option 532 and 544	
250 kHz to 1.2 GHz	< 1.4:1 (typ)
> 1.2 GHz to 20 GHz	< 1.6:1 (typ)
> 20 GHz	< 1.8:1 (typ)
Leveling modes	Internal leveling, external detector leveling,
	millimeter source module, ALC off

^{1.} Specifications apply in CW and list/step sweep modes over the 15 to 35 °C temperature range, with attenuator hold off (normal operating mode). Degradation outside this range, for ALC power levels > -5 dBm and frequency > 10 MHz, is typically < 0.3 dB. In ramp sweep mode (with Option 007), specifications are typical. For instruments with type-N connectors (Option 1ED), specifications apply only up to 18 GHz and typical level accuracy degrades by 0.2 dB above 18 GHz. Specifications do not apply above the maximum specified power.

^{2.} Measured with symbol rate > 10 kHz and power \leq 0 dBm.

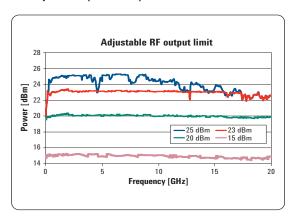
^{3.} Relative to ALC on, after power search is executed. When applying external I/Q signals with ALC off, output level will vary directly with I/Q input level.

^{4.} Options 532 and 544: 0.02 dB/°C (typ) above 2 GHz.

^{5.} Compatible with Agilent EPM Series (E4418B and E4419B) power meters.

External detector leveling			
Range	-0.2 mV to -0.5 V (nom) (-36 dBm to $+4$ dBm using		
	Agilent 33330D/E detector)		
Bandwidth	Selectable 0.1 to 100 kHz (nom) (Note: not intended		
	for pulsed operation)		
Maximum reverse power	1/2 Watt, 0 V _{DC}		
Adjustable RF output limit (Option	uny)		
Function	Protects external devices by limiting maximum		
	RF output; operates in all leveling modes (internal,		
	external, source module)		
Range	User-adjustable from +15 dBm to maximum output power		
Accuracy	+15 to +25 dBm ± 1 dB (typ)		
	$> +25 \text{ dBm}$ $\pm 1.5 \text{ dB (typ)}$		
Resolution	1 dB		
Response time	30 µsec (measured)		
Adjustment	Can be locked to prevent accidental change		
DE 4 4 11 14 / 1)			

RF output limit (measured)



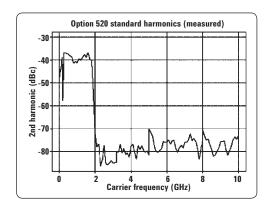
Spectral purity

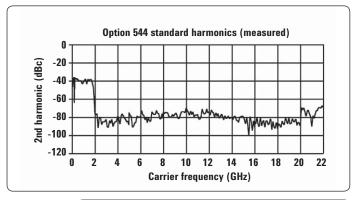
(without Option UNY)

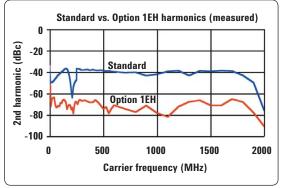
Harmonics¹ (at +10 dBm or maximum specified output power, whichever is lower) < 10 MHz —28 dBc (typical below 1 MHz)

10 MHz to 2 GHz $-30 \text{ dBc}^{2.3}$ / 10 MHz to 2 GHz (with Option 1EH filters on) -55 dBc^4 > 2 GHz to 20 GHz -55 dBc > 20 GHz to 44 GHz -45 dBc (typ)

Harmonics (measured)







(Option UNY)

Harmonics⁵ (dBc at +10 dBm or maximum specified output power, whichever is lower)
Frequency

< 1 MHz -25 dBc (typ) 1 to < 10 MHz -25 dBc 10 to < 60 MHz -28 dBc 10 to < 60 MHz with Option 1EH Filters On $-45 dBc^6$ $0.06\ to\ 2\ GHz$ -30 dBc 0.06 to 2 GHz with Option 1EH Filters On -55 dBc⁶> 2 to 20 GHz -55 dBc > 20 to 44 GHz -45 dBc (typ)

- 1. Specifications are typical for harmonics beyond specified frequency range.
- 2. Specifications are with Option 1EH low-pass filters below 2 GHz off, unless noted.
- 3. Typical below 250 MHz if Option 1EH is installed and the filters are off.
- 4. In ramp sweep mode (Option 007), harmonics are -30 dBc below 250 MHz.
- 5. Specifications are typical for harmonics beyond specified frequency. Specifications are with Option 1EH low-pass filters below 2 GHz off, unless noted.
- 6. Below 250 MHz in ramp sweep mode (Option 007), Option 1EH filters are always off. Refer to harmonic specification with filters off.

Sub-harmonics ¹	(At +10 dBm or ma	ximum specified output p	ower whichever is lo	ower)
250 kHz to 10 GH		None		,
> 10 GHz to 20 G	Hz	< -60 dBc		
> 20 GHz to 44 G		< -45 dBc		
Non-harmonics ²		maximum specified out		
	Offsets > 3 kH		Offsets > 3 kHz	Line-related
F	(Standard)	(Opt UNX or UNY)	(Option UNY)	(≤ 300 Hz)
Frequency	Spec (typ) 1Hz -58 (-62) ⁶	Spec (typ)	Spec	(Typical)
250 kHz to 250 M > 250 MHz to 1 0		–58 (–62) ⁶ –80 (–88)	–58 –80	(–55) (–55)
> 1 to 2 GHz	-74 (- 82)	-74 (-82)	_80	(- 55)
> 2 to 3.2 GHz	-68 (-76)	-68 (-76)	-76	(-55)
> 3.2 to 10 GHz	-62 (-7 0)	-62 (-70)	_70 _70	(-50)
> 10 to 20 GHz	-56 (-64)	-56 (-64)	-64	(-45)
> 20 to 28.5 GHz	-52 (- 60)	-52 (- 60)	-58	(-39)
> 28.5 to 44 GHz	–48 (̀–56)́	-48 (- 56)	-52	(-37)
Residual FM	(RMS, 50 Hz to 15	kHz bandwidth)		
CW mode		< N x 8 Hz (typ)		
CW mode with 0	ption UNX or UNY	< N x 4 Hz (typ)		
Ramp sweep mod	de	< N x 1 kHz (typ)		
Broadband noise		dBm or maximum specif	ied output power, wl	nichever is
> 2.4 += 20.CII=	lower, for offsets >	,	-1	
> 2.4 to 20 GHz > 20 GHz		< -148 dBc/Hz (typ	,	
Measured RMS	iittor:4	< -141 dBc/Hz (typ	וו	
Standard	itter.			
Carrier	SONET/SDH	RMS jitter	Unit intervals	Time
frequency	data rates	bandwidth	(μUI)	(fs)
155 MHz	155 MB/s	100 Hz to 1.5 MHz	25	158
622 MHz	622 MB/s	1 kHz to 5 MHz	21	34
2.488 GHz	2488 MB/s	5 kHz to 20 MHz	57	23
9.953 GHz	9953 MB/s	10 kHz to 80 MHz	152	15
39.812 GHz	39812 MB/s	40 kHz to 320 MHz	627	16
Option UNX				
Carrier	SONET/SDH	RMS jitter	Unit intervals	Time
frequency	data rates	bandwidth	(μUI)	(fs)
155 MHz	155 MB/s	100 Hz to 1.5 MHz	23	151
622 MHz	622 MB/s	1 kHz to 5 MHz	19	30
2.488 GHz	2488 MB/s	5 kHz to 20 MHz	56	22
9.953 GHz	9953 MB/s	10 kHz to 80 MHz	152	15
39.812 GHz	39812 MB/s	40 kHz to 320 MHz	626	16
Option UNY	SONET/SDH	DMC iittor	Unit intervals	Timo
Carrier	data rates	RMS jitter bandwidth	(μUI)	Time (fs)
frequency 155 MHz	155 MB/s	100 Hz to 1.5 MHz	(µ01) 21	130
622 MHz	622 MB/s	1 kHz to 5 MHz	22	35
2.488 GHz	2488 MB/s	5 kHz to 20 MHz	53	21
9.953 GHz	9953 MB/s	10 kHz to 80 MHz	96	10
39.812 GHz	39812 MB/s	40 kHz to 320 MHz	518	13
	(dBc/Hz) (CW) ⁵	20 kHz offset from		
Frequency	, , ,	Spec	Typical	
250 kHz to 250 N	lHz	-130	-134	
> 250 to 500 MH		-134	-138	
> 500 MHz to 1 0	SHz	-130	-134	
> 1 to 2 GHz		-124	-128	
> 2 to 3.2 GHz		-120 -110	-124	
> 3.2 to 10 GHz		-110 104	-113	
> 10 to 20 GHz		-104 100	-108	
> 20 to 28.5 GHz		–100 –96	-104 100	
> 28.5 GHz		—უ ი	-100	

^{1.} Sub-harmonics are defined as Carrier Freq/N. Specifications are typical for sub-harmonics beyond specified frequency range. Specifications are typical when I/Q

3. Excluding external mechanical vibration.

modulation is on.

2. Performance is typical for spurs at frequencies above the maximum operating frequency of the instrument. Specifications apply for CW mode, without modulation. In ramp sweep mode (Option 007), performance is typical for offsets > 1 MHz.

^{5.} Excluding scenarior inclination.

4. Calculated from phase noise performance in CW mode only at +10 dBm. For other frequencies, data rates, or bandwidths, please contact your sales representative.

5. Phase noise specifications are warranted from 15 to 35 °C excluding external mechanical vibration. Measured at +10 dBm or maximum specified output power,

whichever is less.

6. For offsets > 10 kHz.

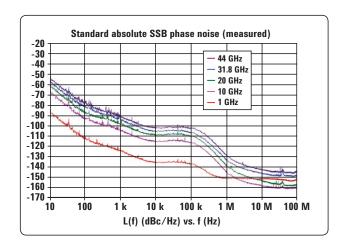
Option UNX: Absolute SSB phase noise (dBc/Hz) (CW) ^{1, 2}						
Offset from carrier						
Frequency	1 Hz	10 Hz	100 Hz	1 kHz	10 kHz	100 kHz
	Spec (typ)	Spec (typ)	Spec (typ)	Spec (typ)	Spec (typ)	Spec (typ)
250 kHz to 250 MHz	-58 (-66)	-87 (-94)	-104 (-120)	-121 (-128)	-128 (-132)	-130 (-133)
> 250 to 500 MHz	-61 (-72)	-88 (-98)	-108 (-118)	-125 (-132)	-132 (-136)	-136 (-141)
> 500 MHz to 1 GHz	-57 (-65)	-84 (-93)	-101 (-111)	-121 (-130)	-130 (-134)	-130 (-135)
> 1 to 2 GHz	–51 (–58)	-79 (-86)	-96 (-106)	-115 (-124)	-124 (-129)	-124 (-129)
> 2 to 3.2 GHz	-46 (-54)	-74 (-82)	-92 (-102)	-111 (-120)	-120 (-124)	-120 (-124)
> 3.2 to 10 GHz	-37 (-44)	-65 (-72)	-81 (-92)	-101 (-109)	-110 (-114)	-110 (-115)
> 10 to 20 GHz	-31 (-38)	-59 (-66)	-75 (- 87)	-95 (-106)	-104 (-107)	-104 (-109)
> 20 to 28.5 GHz	-25 (-34)	-56 (-62)	-72 (-83)	-92 (-102)	-100 (-103)	-100 (-105)
> 28.5 to 44 GHz	-20 (-30)	-51 (- 58)	-68 (-77)	-88 (-97)	-96 (-99)	-96 (- 101)
Option UNY: Absolute SSI	B phase noise (dE	Bc/Hz) (CW) ^{1, 2}				
		Offset fro	om carrier, optimiz	zed for less than 1	50 kHz (mode 1)	
Frequency	1 Hz	10 Hz	100 Hz	1 kHz	10 kHz	100 kHz
	Spec (typ)	Spec (typ)	Spec (typ)	Spec (typ)	Spec (typ)	Spec (typ)
250 kHz to 250 MHz	-64 (-70)	-92 (-98)	-115 (-125)	-123 (-135)	-138 (-144)	-141 (-144)
> 250 to 500 MHz	-67 (-77)	-93 (-101)	-111 (- 116)	-125 (- 132)	-138 (-144)	-142 (-147)
> 500 MHz to 1 GHz	-62 (-69)	-91 (-99)	-105 (-111)	-121 (- 128)	-138 (-143)	-138 (-144)
> 1 to 2 GHz	-57 (-63)	-86 (-90)	-100 (-106)	-115 (-121)	-133 (-138)	-133 (-139)
> 2 to 3.2 GHz	-52 (-58)	-81 (-84)	-96 (-102)	-111 (- 117)	-128 (-134)	-128 (-134)
> 3.2 to 10 GHz	-43 (-49)	-72 (- 76)	–85 (–91)	-101 (-107)	-120 (-126)	-120 (-125)
> 10 to 20 GHz	-37 (-43)	-66 (-70)	-79 (-85)	-95 (-101)	-114 (-121)	-114 (-119)
> 20 to 28.5 GHz	-31 (-37)	-60 (-66)	–73 (–79)	–89 (–95)	-108 (-113)	-108 (-113)
> 28.5 to 44 GHz	–26 (–32)	-54 (-60)	-68 (-73)	-84 (-90)	-102 (-107)	-102 (-107)
Option UNX: Residual SSI	B phase noise (dE	Bc/Hz) (CW) ^{1, 2}				
				Offset from carrie		
Frequency	1 Hz	10 Hz	100 Hz	1 kHz	10 kHz	100 kHz
	Spec (typ)	Spec (typ)	Spec (typ)	Spec (typ)	Spec (typ)	Spec (typ)
250 kHz to 250 MHz	(-94)	-100 (- 107)	-110 (- 118)	-120 (- 126)	-128 (- 132)	-130 (-133)
> 250 to 500 MHz	(-101)	-105 (- 112)	-115 (- 122)	-124 (- 131)	-132 (- 136)	-136 (-141)
> 500 MHz to 1 GHz	(-94)	-100 (- 107)	-110 (-118)	-120 (- 126)	-130 (-134)	-130 (-134)
> 1 to 2 GHz	(-89)	-96 (-101)	-104 (-112)	-114 (-120)	-124 (-129)	-124 (-129)
> 2 to 3.2 GHz	(-85)	-92 (-97)	-100 (-108)	-110 (-116)	-120 (-124)	-120 (-124)
> 3.2 to 10 GHz	(-74)	(-87)	(-98)	(-106)	(–114)	(–115)
Option UNY: Residual SS	B phase noise (d	, , ,				
			•	zed for less than 1	, ,	
Frequency	1 Hz	10 Hz	100 Hz	1 kHz	10 kHz	100 kHz
	Spec (typ)	Spec (typ)	Spec (typ)	Spec (typ)	Spec (typ)	Spec (typ)

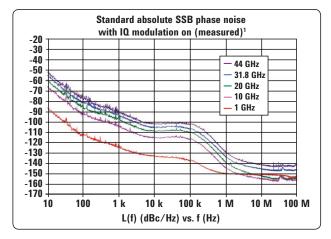
Frequency	1 Hz	10 Hz	100 Hz	1 kHz	10 kHz	100 kHz	
	Spec (typ)	Spec (typ)	Spec (typ)	Spec (typ)	Spec (typ)	Spec (typ)	
250 kHz to 250 MHz	(-94)	-100 (-107)	-110 (-118)	-123 (-135)	-138 (-144)	-141 (-144)	
> 250 to 500 MHz	(-101)	-105 (-112)	-115 (-122)	-124 (-130)	-138 (-144)	-140 (-147)	
> 500 MHz to 1 GHz	(-94)	-100 (-108)	-110 (-118)	-120 (-126)	-135 (-142)	-135 (-145)	
> 1 to 2 GHz	(-89)	-96 (-101)	-104 (-112)	-115 (-121)	-133 (-138)	-133 (-139)	
> 2 to 3.2 GHz	(-85)	-92 (-97)	-100 (-108)	-111 (-117)	-128 (-134)	-128 (-134)	
> 3.2 to 10 GHz	(-74)	(-87)	(-98)	(-104)	(-126)	(-125)	

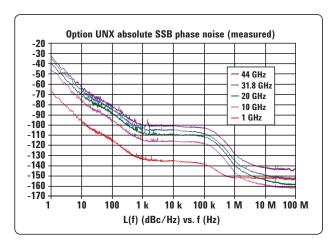
^{1.} Phase noise specifications are warranted from 15 to 35 °C. Excluding external mechanical vibration. Option UNY specifications at 1 kHz offset apply from 25 to 35 °C.

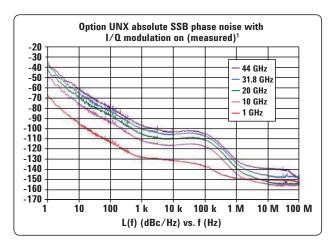
^{2.} Measured at +10 dBm or maximum specified power, whichever is less.

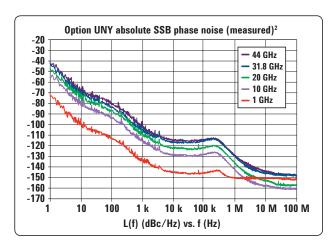
Measured phase noise with an Agilent E5500 phase noise measurement system and plotted without spurs

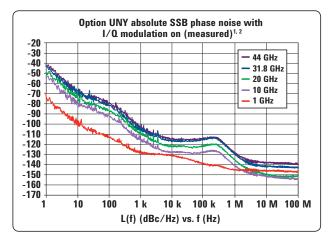








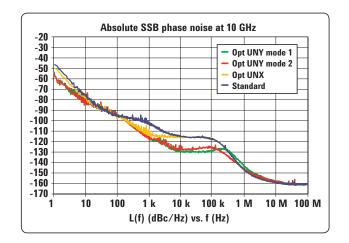


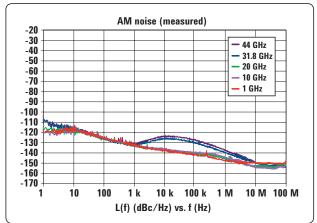


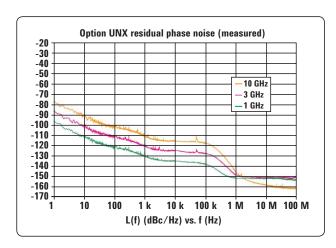
^{1.} External I/Q input level $\sqrt{(I^2 + Q^2)} = 0.5 \text{ V}_{rms}$, I/Q modulator attenuator set to auto.

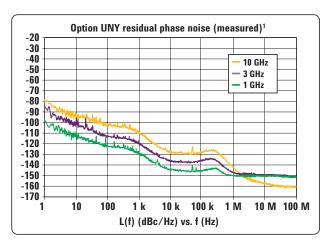
^{2.} Option UNY phase noise optimized for offsets less than 150 kHz (mode 1).

Measured phase noise with an Agilent E5500 phase noise measurement system and plotted without spurs









^{1.} Option UNY phase noise optimized for offsets less than 150 kHz (mode 1).

Frequency modulation (Option UNT)

Maximum deviation ¹	Frequency	Maximum devi	ation	
	normal mode			
	250 kHz to 250 MHz	2 MHz		
	> 250 to 500 MHz	1 MHz		
	> 500 MHz to 1 GHz	2 MHz		
	> 1 GHz to 2 GHz	4 MHz		
	> 2 GHz to 3.2 GHz	8 MHz		
	> 3.2 GHz to 10 GHz	16 MHz		
	> 10 GHz to 20 GHz	32 MHz		
	> 20 GHz to 28.5 GHz	48 MHz		
	> 28.5 GHz to 44 GHz	80 MHz		
Resolution	0.1% of de	eviation or 1 Hz	, whichever is greater	
Deviation accuracy		of FM deviation		
	· ·	e, deviations <	N x 800 kHz)	
Modulation frequency	response ² (at 100 kHz do	eviation)		
Path [coupling]	1 dB band	lwidth	3 dB bandwidth (typ)	
Standard or Option UNX				
FM path 1 [DC]	DC to 100		DC to 10 MHz	
FM path 2 [DC]	DC to 100		DC to 1 MHz	
FM path 1 [AC]	20 Hz to 1		5 Hz to 10 MHz	
FM path 2 [AC]	20 Hz to 1	00 kHz	5 Hz to 1 MHz	
Option UNY				
FM path 1 [DC]	DC to 100		DC to 9.3 MHz	
FM path 2 [DC]	DC to 100		DC to 1 MHz	
FM path 1 [AC]	20 Hz to 1		5 Hz to 9.3 MHz	
FM path 2 [AC]	20 Hz to 1		5 Hz to 1 MHz	
DC FM ³ carrier offset		set deviation +	· · ·	
Distortion	<u> </u>		ons < N x 800 kHz)	
Sensitivity	± 1 V _{peak}	for indicated de	viation	
Paths	FM1 and I	M2 are summe	ed internally for composite	
	modulatio	n; either path n	nay be switched to any	
	one of the	modulation sou	ırces: Ext1, Ext2, internal1,	
	internal2;	internal2; the FM2 path is limited to a maximum		
		rate of 1 MHz; the FM2 path must be set to a		
		deviation less than FM1; to avoid distortion and		
	clipping, s	ignals applied v	with any combination of	
		, or FM1+FM2	should not exceed	
	1V _{peak}			

^{1.} Through any combination of path1, path2, or path1 + path2.

^{2.} Specifications apply in CW and list/step sweep modes. During ramp sweep operation (Option 007), 3 dB bandwidth is typically 50 kHz to 10 MHz (FM1 path), and 50 kHz to 1 MHz (FM2 path).

^{3.} At the calibrated deviation and carrier frequency, within 5 °C of ambient temperature at time of user calibration.

Phase modulation

(Option UNT)

Maximum deviation ¹	Frequency	100 kHz BW mod		z BW mode
Standard or Option UNX	250 kHz to 250 MHz	20 rad	2 rad	
	> 250 to 500 MHz	10 rad	1 rad	
	> 500 MHz to 1 GHz	20 rad	2 rad	
	> 1 GHz to 2 GHz	40 rad	4 rad	
	> 2 GHz to 3.2 GHz	80 rad	8 rad	_
	> 3.2 GHz to 10 GHz	160 rad	16 rac	
	> 10 GHz to 20 GHz	320 rad	32 rac	
	> 20 GHz to 28.5 GHz	480 rad	48 rac	-
	> 28.5 GHz to 44 GHz	800 rad	80 rac	
Option UNY		1 MHz BW mode		lz BW mode
	250 kHz to 250 MHz	2 rad	0.2 ra	
	> 250 to 500 MHz	1 rad	0.1 ra	
	> 500 MHz to 1 GHz	2 rad	0.2 ra	
	> 1 GHz to 2 GHz	4 rad	0.4 ra	
	> 2 GHz to 3.2 GHz	8 rad	0.8 ra	
	> 3.2 GHz to 10 GHz	16 rad	1.6 ra	
	> 10 GHz to 20 GHz	32 rad	3.2 ra	
	> 20 GHz to 28.5 GHz > 28.5 GHz to 44 GHz	48 rad 80 rad	4.8 ra 8.0 ra	
			0.0 18	<u>u</u>
Resolution	0.1% of set deviation			
Deviation accuracy	$<\pm5\%$ of deviation + 0.01 radians (1 kHz rate, with 1MHz BW mode			
	for Option UNY or 100kHz	BW mode otherwise	:)	
Modulation frequency	response ²			
	Rates (3 dB bandwidth	,	UNX	UNY
100 kHz BW mode	DC to 100 kHz	Normal	Normal	n/a
1 MHz BW mode	DC to 1 MHz (typ) ³	High	High	Normal
10 MHz BW mode	DC to 10 MHz (typ)	n/a	n/a	High
Distortion	Standard or Option UN	X Option	UNY	
	< 1% (1 kHz rate, total har		kHz rate, tot	al harmonic
	distortion (THD), deviation	distortio	n (THD), dev	iation
	< N x 80 rad, 100 kHz BW	mode) $< N \times 8$	rad, 1 MHz E	BW mode)
Sensitivity	± 1 V _{peak} for indicated o			
Paths	ΦM1 and ΦM2 are summ	ed internally for com	posite modula	ation; either
	path may be switched to any one of the modulation sources: ext1, ext2,			
	internal1, internal2; the Φ M2 path must be set to a deviation less than			
	ΦM1; to avoid distortion and clipping, signals applied with any			
	combination of ФМ1, ФМ2, or ФМ1+ ФМ2 should not exceed 1V _{peak}			
	טוווטווומנוטוו טו שואוו, שואו	∠, σι Ψίνι ι ⊤ Ψίνι∠ δίιι	Julu HUL EXCE	cu i v peak

^{1.} Through any combination of path1, path2, or path1 + path2.
2. Specifications apply in CW and list/step sweep modes. During ramp sweep operation (Option 007), 3 dB bandwidth is typically 50 kHz to 1 MHz (high BW mode).
3. Path 1 is useable to 4 MHz for external inputs less than 0.3 V_{peak}.

Amplitude modulation¹ (Option UNT) (typical)

Depth	Linear mode	Exponential (log) mode (downward modulation only)	
Maximum		(downward inodulation only)	
ALC on	> 90%	> 20 dB	
ALC off with power search ² or ALC on with deep AM ³		> 40 dB	
Settable	0 to 100%	0 to 40 dB	
Sensitivity	0 to 100%/V	0 to 40 dB/V	
Resolution	0.1%	0.01 dB	
Accuracy (1 kHz rate)	< ± (6% of setting + 1%)	$< \pm (2\% \text{ of setting} + 0.2 \text{ dB})$	
External input (selectable po	plarity)		
Sensitivity for indicated depth	1 V _{peak}	–1 V or +1 V	
Maximum allowable	± 1 V	± 3.5 V	
Rates (3 dB bandwidth, 30%	depth)		
DC coupled	0 to 100 kHz		
AC coupled	10 Hz to 100 kHz (useable to 1 MHz)		
Distortion (1 kHz rate, linear	mode, Total Harmonic Distort	ion (THD))	
30% AM	< 1.5%		
60% AM	< 2%		
Paths	AM1 and AM2 are summed internally for composite modulation; either path may be switched to any one of the modulation		
	sources: ext1, ext2, internal1, in	ternal2	
Modulation types	AM, FM, and ΦM		
Input impedance	mpedance 50 or 600 Ω (nom), switched		
High/low indicator			
(100 Hz to 10 MHz BW,	00 Hz to 10 MHz BW, Activated when input level error exceeds 3%		
ac coupled inputs only)	ed inputs only) (nom)		
Dual function generators pro-	vide two independent signals	(internal1 and internal2) for	
use with AM, FM, ΦM, or LF	Out.		
Waveforms	Sine, square, posi	tive ramp, negative ramp,	
	triangle, Gaussian	noise, uniform noise, swept	

External modulation inputs (Option UNT)

Internal modulation source (Option UNT)

(100 Hz to 10 MHz BW,	Activated when input level error exceeds 3%		
ac coupled inputs only)	d inputs only) (nom)		
Dual function generators provide two in	dependent signals (internal1 and internal2) for		
use with AM, FM, ΦM, or LF Out.			
Waveforms	Sine, square, positive ramp, negative ramp,		
	triangle, Gaussian noise, uniform noise, swept		
	sine, dual sine ⁴		
Rate range			
Sine	0.5 Hz to 1 MHz		
Square, ramp, triangle	0.5 Hz to 100 kHz		
Resolution	0.5 Hz		
Accuracy	Same as timebase		
LF out			
Output	Internal1 or internal2; also provides monitoring		
	of internal1 or internal2 when used for AM, FM,		
	or ΦM		
Amplitude	0 to 3 V_{peak} , into 50 Ω (nom)		
Output impedance	50 Ω (nom)		
Swept sine mode: (frequency, phase co	ontinuous)		
Operating modes	Triggered or continuous sweeps		
Frequency range	1 Hz to 1 MHz		
Sweep rate	0.5 to 100,000 sweeps/s, equivalent to		
	sweep times 10 µs to 2 s		
Resolution	0.5 Hz (0.5 sweep/s)		
Rate (typical 1 dB bandwidth)			
ALC on	1 kHz to 80 MHz		
ALC off	DC to 80 MHz		

0.5 V = 100%

 $50~\Omega~(nom)$

Wideband AM

External I input Sensitivity

Input impedance

AM specifications are typical. For carrier frequencies below 2 MHz, AM is useable but not specified. Unless otherwise stated, specifications apply with ALC on, deep AM off, and envelope peaks within ALC operating range (–15 dBm to maximum specified power, excluding step attenuator setting).
 ALC Off is used for narrow pulse modulation and/or high AM depths, with envelope peaks below ALC operating range. Carrier power level will be accurate after a power search is executed.
 ALC On with deep AM provides high AM depths together with closed-loop internal leveling. This mode must be used with a repetitive AM waveform (frequency > 10 Hz) with peaks > –5 dBm (nominal, excluding step-attenuator setting).
 Internal2 is not available when using swept sine or dual sine modes.

Pulse modulation^{1,2}

(Option UNU without UNY)

	500 MHz to 3.2 GHz	Above 3.2 GHz
On/off ratio	80 dB (typ)	80 dB
Rise/fall times (Tr, Tf)	100 ns (typ)	6 ns (typ)
Minimum pulse width		
Internally leveled	2 μs	1 μs
Level hold (ALC off with power search)	0.5 μs	0.15 µs
Repetition frequency		
Internally leveled	10 Hz to 250 kHz	10 Hz to 500 kHz
Level hold (ALC off with power search)	DC to 1 MHz	DC to 3 MHz
Level accuracy (relative to CW)		
Internally leveled	± 0.5 dB	± 0.5 dB
Level hold (ALC off with power search)	± 0.5 dB (typ)	\pm 0.5 dB (typ)
Width compression		
(RF width relative to video out)	± 50 ns (typ)	± 5 ns (typ)
Video feed-through ³	< 200 mv pk-pk (typ)	< 2 mv pk-pk (typ)
Video delay (Ext input to video)	50 ns (nom)	50 ns (nom)
RF delay (video to RF output)	270 ns (nom)	35 ns (nom)
Pulse overshoot	< 10% (typ)	< 10% (typ)
Input level	+1 V _{peak} = RF on	+1 V _{peak} = RF on
Input impedance	50 Ω (nom)	50 Ω (nom)

Narrow pulse modulation^{1,2}

(Option UNW without UNY)

10 MHz to 3.2 GHz	Above 3.2 GHz
80 dB	80 dB
10 ns (8 ns typ)	10 ns (6 ns typ)
1 μs	1 µs
20 ns	20 ns
10 Hz to 500 kHz	10 Hz to 500 kHz
DC to 5 MHz	DC to 10 MHz
\pm 0.5 dB	± 0.5 dB (0.15 dB typ)
± 1.3 dB (typ)	± 0.5 dB (typ)
± 5 ns (typ)	± 5 ns (typ)
< 125 mV pk-pk (typ)	< 2 mV pk-pk (typ)
50 ns (nom)	50 ns (nom)
45 ns (nom)	35 ns (nom)
< 15% (typ)	< 10% (typ)
+1 V _{peak} = RF On	+1 V _{peak} = RF On
50 Ω (nom)	50 Ω (nom)
	80 dB 10 ns (8 ns typ) 1 μs 20 ns 10 Hz to 500 kHz DC to 5 MHz ± 0.5 dB ± 1.3 dB (typ) < 125 mV pk-pk (typ) 50 ns (nom) 45 ns (nom) < 15% (typ) +1 V _{peak} = RF On

^{1.} With ALC off, specifications apply after the execution of power search. Specifications apply with Atten Hold Off (default mode), or ALC level between –5 and +10 dBm or maximum specified power, whichever is lower.

^{2.} Power search is a calibration routine that improves level accuracy with ALC off. The instrument microprocessor momentarily closes the ALC loop to find the modulator drive setting necessary to make the quiescent RF level equal to an entered value, then opens the ALC loop while maintaining that modulator drive setting. When executing power search, RF power will be present for typically 10-50 ms; the step attenuator can be set to automatically switch to maximum attenuation to protect sensitive devices. Power search can be configured to operate either automatically or manually at the carrier frequency, or over a user-definable frequency range. Power search may not operate above the maximum specified output power.

^{3.} With attenuator in 0 dB position. Video feed-through decreases with attenuator setting.

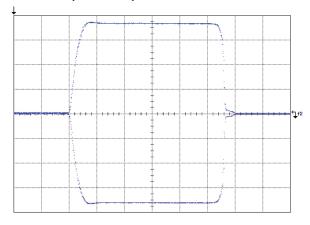
^{4.} With attenuator in 0 dB position. Video feed-through decreases with attenuator setting.

Pulse modulation¹

(Option UNY)

	Option UNU	Option UNW
	Standard pulse modulation	Narrow pulse modulation
On/off ratio	80 dB (typical)	80 dB
Rise/fall times (Tr, Tf)		
50 to 400 MHz	10 ns (typical)	15 ns (10 ns typical)
Above 400 MHz	6 ns (typical)	10 ns (6 ns typical)
Minimum pulse width		
ALC on:	1 μs	1 μs
ALC off:		
50 to 400 MHz	150 ns	30 ns
Above 400 MHz	150 ns	20 ns
Repetition frequency		
ALC on:	10 Hz to 500 kHz	10 Hz to 500 kHz
ALC off:	dc to 3 MHz	dc to 10 MHz
Level accuracy (relative to CW)		
ALC on:	\pm 0.5 dB (0.15 dB typical)	± 0.5 dB (0.15 dB typical)
ALC off with power search: ²		
50 MHz to 3.2 GHz	± 0.7 dB (typical)	± 0.7 dB (typical)
Above 3.2 GHz	± 0.5 dB (typical)	± 0.5 dB (typical)
Width compression	± 5 ns (typical)	± 5 ns (typical)
(RF width relative to video out)		
Video feed-through ³		
50 to 250 MHz	< 3% (typical)	< 3% (typical)
> 250 to 400 MHz	< 11% (typical)	< 11% (typical)
> 0.4 to 3.2 GHz	< 5% (typical)	< 5% (typical)
Above 3.2 GHz	< 2 mVpk-pk (typ)	< 2 mVpk-pk (typ)
Video delay (ext input to video)	50 ns (nom)	50 ns (nom)
RF delay (video to RF output)		
50 to 250 MHz	35 ns (nominal)	35 ns (nominal)
>0.25 to 3.2 GHz	25 ns (nominal)	25 ns (nominal)
Above 3.2 GHz	30 ns (nominal)	30 ns (nominal)
Pulse overshoot	< 10% (typ)	< 10% (typ)
Input level	+1 V = RF On	+1 V = RF On
Input impedance	50 Ω (nom)	50 Ω (nom)

Measured pulse modulation envelope Freq = 9 GHz, Ampl = 10 dBm, ALC Off, 10 ns/div



^{1.} With ALC off, specs apply after the execution of power search. Specifications apply with Atten Hold Off (default mode for instruments with attenuator), or ALC level between –5 and +10 dBm or maximum specific power, whichever is lower. Below 50 MHz, pulse modulation is useable; however performance is not warranted.

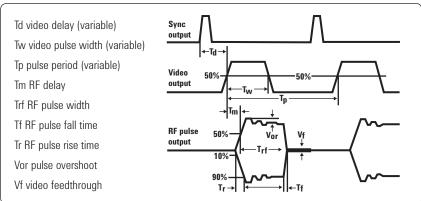
^{2.} Power search is a calibration routine that improves level accuracy with ALC off. The instrument microprocessor momentarily closes the ALC loop to find the modulator drive setting necessary to make the quiescent RF level equal to an entered value, then opens the ALC loop while maintaining that modulator drive setting. When executing power search, RF power will be present for typically 10 to 50 ms; the step attenuator (Option 1E1) can be set to automatically switch to maximum attenuation to protect sensitive devices. Power search can be configured to operate either automatically or manually at the carrier frequency, or over a user-definable frequency range. Power search may not operate above the maximum specified output power.

^{3.} With step attenuator in 0 dB position. Above 3.2 GHz, video feed-through decreases with step attenuator setting. Below 3.2 GHz, video feed-through is expressed as a percentage of RF output level.

Internal pulse generator

(Option UNU or UNW)

Modes	Free-run, triggered, triggered with delay, doublet, and gated; triggered with delay, doublet, and gated modes require an external trigger source	
Period (PRI) (Tp)	70 ns to 42 s	
	(Repetition frequency: 0.024 Hz to 14.28 MHz)	
Pulse width (Tw)	10 ns to 42 s	
Delay (Td)		
Free-run mode	$0 \text{ to } \pm 42 \text{ s}$	
Triggered with delay and doublet modes	75 ns to 42 s with ± 10 ns jitter	
Resolution	10 ns (width, delay, and PRI)	



Simultaneous modulation

All modulation types (FM, AM, Φ M, pulse. and I/Q) may be simultaneously enabled except: FM with Φ M, linear AM with exponential AM, and wideband AM with I/Q. AM, FM, and Φ M can sum simultaneous inputs from any two sources (Ext1, ext2, internal1, or internal2) Any given source (Ext1, ext2, internal1, or internal2) may be routed to only one activated modulation type

Vector modulation¹

Standard I/Q inputs

External I/Q inputs

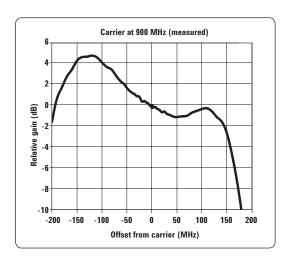
Input impedance switched

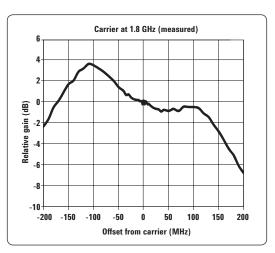
50 or 600 Ω (nom)

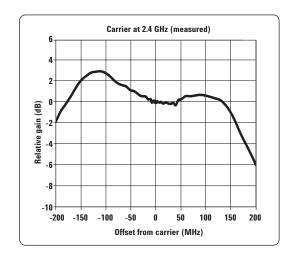
Input range² Minimum 0.1 V_{rms}, maximum 1V_{peak}

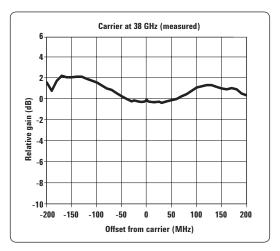
± 1 dB within ± 40 MHz of carrier (with ALC off) (typ) **Flatness**

I/Q frequency response³ (measured)









1.6 GHz low-pass filter

RF path filters	Carrier frequency	Nominal filter cutoff
	≤ 250 MHz	300 MHz low-pass filter
	> 250 to 396 MHz	220 to 420 MHz bandpass filter
	> 396 to 628 MHz	350 to 650 MHz bandpass filter
	> 628 to 1000 MHz	1040 MHz low-pass filter

> 1.0 to 1.5 GHz

^{1.} With Option 007, vector modulation is not useable in ramp sweep mode. With Option 1EH, specifications apply with filters off.

^{2.} Different RMS levels are accommodated by adjusting the internal I/Q modulator attenuator, which may be either manually or automatically set. The minimum input level required to maintain RF level accuracy is $\sqrt{(I^2 + Q^2)} = 0.1$ Vrms.

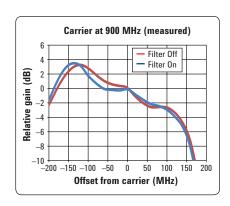
^{3.} Sine wave response, measured with input level = 0.5 V_{rms} on one channel, and ALC off. For carrier frequencies at or below 1.5 GHz, modulation frequency response within ± 150 MHz of carrier may be limited by RF chain filtering.

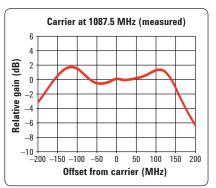
I/Q adjustments	
I & Q offsets	External inputs (600 Ω): \pm 5 Volts
	External inputs (50 Ω): \pm 50%
	Internal baseband generator: ± 50%
I/Q attenuation	0 to 40 dB
I/Q gain balance	± 4 dB
I/Q quadrature skew	± 10 ° range (typ)
Low pass filter	Selectable 40 MHz or through path
I/Q baseband outputs	
Differential	ı, T , a, ā
Single ended	I, Q
Frequency range	DC to 40 MHz
Output voltage into 50 Ω	1.5 V _{peak-to-peak} (typ)
DC offset adjustments	± 3 V
DC offset resolution	1 mV
Low pass filter	Selectable 40 MHz or through path

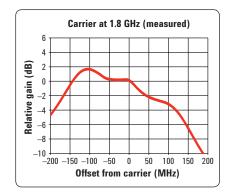
Wideband external differential I/Q inputs (Option 016)

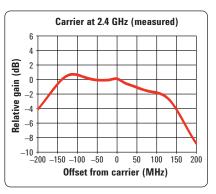
	250 kHz to 3.2 GHz	3.2 to 44 GHz
Input		
Input (baseband) frequency range	DC to 130 MHz (nom)	DC to 1.0 GHz ²
Input impedance	50 Ω (nom)	50 Ω (nom)
Recommended input level	−1 dBm	0 dBm (nom)
Maximum input voltage	± 1 V _{DC}	± 1 V _{DC}
I/Q offset adjustments	± 50%	± 50%
I/Q quadrature skew	± 10 degrees	± 10 degrees (nom)

I/Q frequency response for frequencies < 3.2 GHz (measured)³







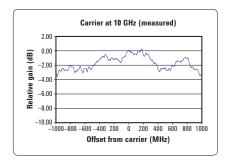


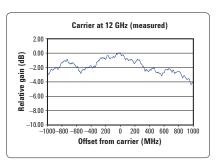
^{1.} With Option 007, vector IQ modulation is not useable in ramp sweep mode.

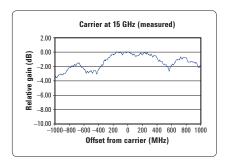
 $^{2. \ \} Modulation\ frequency\ response\ within\ \pm\ 1\ GHz\ of\ the\ carrier\ frequency\ may\ be\ limited\ by\ the\ RF\ chain\ cutoff\ frequencies.$

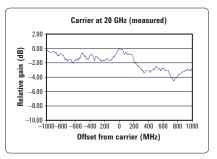
^{3.} Sine wave response, measured with input level = 0.2 V_{rms} on one channel, and ALC off. For carrier frequencies at or below 1.5 GHz, modulation frequency response within ± 150 MHz of carrier may be limited by RF chain filtering.

I/Q frequency response for frequencies > 3.2 GHz (measured)¹









RF path filters ²		
Carrier frequency	Nominal filter cutoff frequencies	
> 3.2 to 5 GHz	5.5 GHz low-pass filter	
> 5 to 8 GHz	8.9 GHz low-pass filter	
> 8 to 12.8 GHz	13.9 GHz low-pass filter	
> 12.8 to 20 GHz	22.5 GHz low-pass filter	
> 20 to 24 GHz	19.6 to 24.5 GHz band-pass filter	
> 24 to 28.5 GHz	23.5 to 29.0 GHz band-pass filter	
> 28.5 to 32 GHz	28.0 to 32.5 GHz band-pass filter	
> 32 to 36 GHz	31.7 to 36.5 GHz band-pass filter	
> 36 to 40 GHz	35.5 to 40.4 GHz band-pass filter	
> 40 to 44 GHz	39.5 to 44.3 GHz band-pass filter	
Channels	2 [I and Q]	
D. J. C.	10.1% [1./05.500]	

Internal baseband generator, arbitrary waveform mode (Option 602)

Channels	2 [I and U]
Resolution	16 bits [1/65,536]
Baseband waveform memory	
Length (playback)	64 megasamples (MSa/channel)
Length (non-volatile storage)	1.2 gigasamples (GSa) on 8 GB removable flash memory (Option 009)
Waveform segments	
Segment length	60 samples to 8 or 64 MSa
Maximum number of segments	8,192
Minimum memory allocation	256 samples or 1 kbyte blocks
Waveform sequences	
Sequencing	Continuously repeating
Maximum number of sequences	16,384
Maximum segments/sequence	32,768
Maximum segment repetitions	65,536

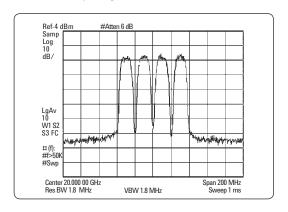
^{1.} Sine wave response, measured with input level = 0.2 V_{rms} on one channel, and ALC off. For carrier frequencies at or below 1.5 GHz, modulation frequency response within \pm 150 MHz of carrier may be limited by RF chain filtering.

^{2.} Modulation frequency response within ± 1 GHz of the carrier frequency may be limited by the RF chain cutoff frequencies. For operation near a filter edge, filters can be bypassed using sofware commands to increase modulation bandwidth.

Clock	
Sample rate	1 Hz to 100 MHz
Resolution	0.001 Hz
Accuracy	Same as timebase +2 ⁻⁴² [in non-integer applications]
Reconstruction filter: [fixed]	50 MHz [used for all symbol rates]
Baseband spectral purity	
[full scale sine wave]	
Harmonic distortion	100 kHz to 2 MHz: < -65 dBc (typ)
Phase noise	< -127 dBc/Hz (typ) (baseband output of 10 MHz
	sine wave at 20 kHz offset)
IM performance	< -74 dB (typ)
Triggers	
Types	Continuous, single, gated, segment advance
Source	Trigger key, external, remote [LAN, GPIB, RS-232]
External polarity	Negative, positive
External delay time	10 ns to 40 s plus latency
External delay resolution	10 ns
Markers	
(Markers are defined in a segment	t during the waveform generation process, or from the
PSG front panel; a marker can als	o be tied to the RF blanking feature of the PSG)
Marker polarity	Negative, positive
Number of markers	4
Multicarrier	
Number of carriers	Up to 100 (limited by a maximum bandwidth of 80 MHz
	depending on symbol rate and modulation type)
Frequency offset (per carrier)	-40 MHz to +40 MHz
Power offset (per carrier)	0 dB to -40 dB
Modulation	Types
PSK	BPSK, QPSK, OQPSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8PSK, 16PSK, D8PSK
MAD	4, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256
FSK	Selectable: 2, 4, 8, 16
MSK	
Data	Random only

Multicarrier (measured)

Four carriers with 64 QAM at 10 Msym/s with 20 MHz spacing

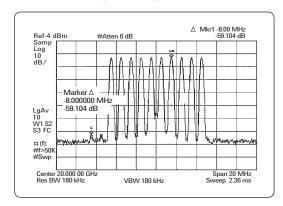


Multitone

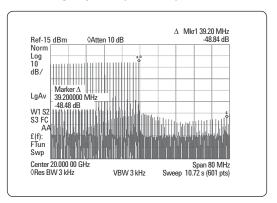
Number of tones 2 to 64, with selectable on/off state per tone

Frequency spacing 100 Hz to 80 MHz
Phase (per tone) Fixed or random
Power offset (per tone) 0 to -40 dB

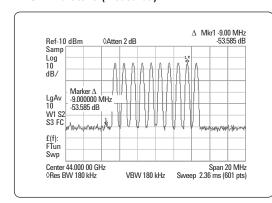
20 GHz multitone (measured)



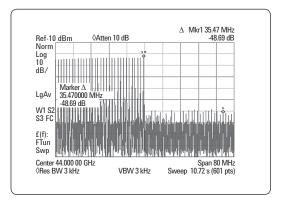
20 GHz image rejection (measured)



44 GHz multitone (measured)



44 GHz image rejection (measured)



Two-tone

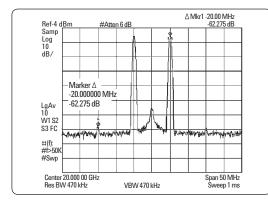
Frequency spacing Alignment IM distortion¹ 250 kHz to 3.2 GHz > 3.2 GHz to 20 GHz

z to 3.2 GHz < -45 dBc (typ) Hz to 20 GHz < -55 dBc (typ)

> 20 to 40 GHz

> 40 to 44 GHz <-45 dBc (typ)

20 GHz two-tone (measured)

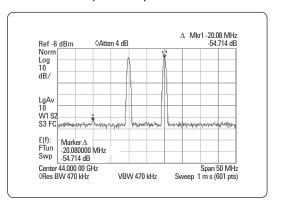


44 GHz two-tone (measured)

< -50 dBc (typ)

100 Hz to 80 MHz

Left, centered, or right

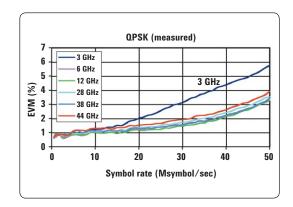


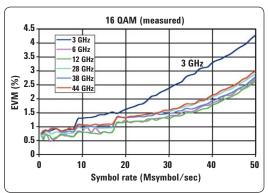
^{1.} RF power ≤ −1 dBm (Option 520) or ≤ −3 dBm (Option 532, 544). When external inputs are used, vector accuracy is equivalent to internal performance after system calibration.

Internal baseband generator, real-time mode

(Option 602)

Basic modulation types (custom form	at)	
PSK	BPSK, QPSK, OQF	SK, π/4 DQPSK, 8PSK,
	16PSK, D8PSK	
MSK	User-defined phas	se offset from 0 to 100 °
ΩAM	4, 16, 32, 64, 128,	256
FSK	Selectable: 2, 4, 8	, 16 level symmetric, C4FM
	User defined: Up t	to 16 custom deviation levels
	Deviation resoluti	on: 0.1 Hz
	Symbol rate	Maximum deviation
	< 5 MHz	4 times symbol rate
	5 MHz to 50 MHz	20 MHz
User-defined I/Q	Custom map of 25	66 unique values
Vector accuracy ¹	Formats: BPSK, Q	PSK, 16-256 QAM ($\alpha = 0.3$, root
	Nyquist filter, sym	ibol rate 4 Msym/s)
EVM (% RMS)	Spec (typ)	
≤ 20 GHz	< 1.2% (< 0.8%	5)
> 20 to 32 GHz	< 1.3% (< 0.9%	5)
> 32 to 44 GHz	< 1.4% (< 0.9%	5)
Origin offset ²		
250 kHz to 3.2 GHz	-45 dBc (typ)	
3.2 to 44 GHz	-50 dBc (typ)	
EVM (measured)		





Nyquist, root Nyquist, Gaussian, rectangular
a: 0 to 1, B_bT : 0.1 to 1
16-bit resolution, up to 64 symbols long,
automatically resampled to 1024 coefficients (maximum)
> 32 to 64 symbol filter: symbol rate ≤ 12.5 MHz
> 16 to 32 symbol filter: symbol rate ≤ 25 MHz
Internal filters switch to 16 tap when symbol rate
is between 25 and 50 MHz
Adjustable from 1000 symbols/sec to a maximum
symbol rate of 50 Mbits/sec ÷ (#bits/symbol)
Adjustable from 1000 symbols/sec to
50 Msymbols/second and a maximum of 8 bits per
symbol; modulation quality may be degraded at
high symbol rates

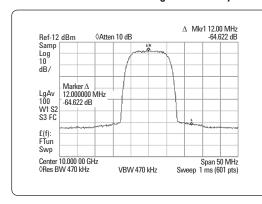
^{1.} Valid after executing I/Q calibration and instrument is maintained within ± 5 °C of calibration temperature. RF power < 5 dBm (Option 520) or < 3 dBm (Option 532, 544). When external inputs are used, vector accuracy is equivalent to internal performance, after system calibration.

^{2.} Valid after executing I/Q calibration when instrument is maintained at the calibration temperature.

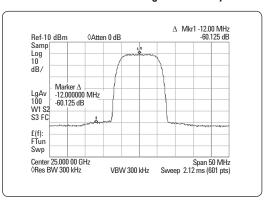
Baseband reference frequency	Data clock can be phase locked to an external reference.
Input	ECL, CMOS, TTL compatible, 50 Ω AC coupled
Frame trigger delay control	
Range	0 to 1,048,575 bits
Resolution	1 bit
Data types	
Internally generated data	
Pseudo-random patterns	PN9, PN11, PN15, PN20, PN23
Repeating sequence	Any 4-bit sequence
	Other fixed patterns
Direct-pattern RAM [PRAM]	
Max size	64 Mb
	(each bit uses an entire sample space)
Use	Non-standard framing
User file	
Max size	6.4 Mb
Use	Continuous modulation or internally generated
	TDMA standard
Externally generated data	
Туре	Serial data
Inputs	Data, data (bit) clock, symbol sync
	Accepts data rates \pm 5% of specified data rate
Internal burst shape control	
Varies with standards and bit rates	3
Rise/fall time range	Up to 30 bits
Rise/fall delay range	0 to 63.5 bits

10 GHz carrier with 16 QAM signal at 10 Msym/s

Spectral re-growth (measured)



25 GHz carrier with 16 QAM signal at 10 Msym/s



Remote programming

Interfaces	GPIB (IEEE-488.2,1987) with listen and talk, RS-232,	
	and 10BaseT LAN interface	
Control languages	SCPI version 1997.0; completely code compatible with	
	previous PSG signal generator models:	
	• E8241A	
	• E8244A	
	• E8251A	
	• E8254A	
	• E8247C	
	• E8257C	
	The E8267D will emulate the applicable commands for the	
	following HP/Agilent signal generators, providing	
	general compatibility with ATE systems: • 8340-Series (8340/41B) • 8360-Series (836xxB/L) • 83700-Series (837xxB) • 8662A/8663A	
	• 8643A/8644B	
IEEE-488 functions	SH1, AH1, T6, TE0, L4, LE0, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, C0, E2	
ISO compliant	This family of signal generators is manufactured in an	
	ISO-9001 registered facility in concurrence with	
	Agilent Technologies' commitment to quality	
Agilent IO libraries	Agilent's IO Libraries Suite ships with the E8267D to	
	help you quickly establish an error-free connection	
	between your PC and instruments-regardless of the	
	vendor; it provides robust instrument control and works	
	with the software development environment you choose	

General specifications

Davier requirements	100/120 VAC 50/60/400 Hz; or 220/240 VAC 50/60 Hz,	
Power requirements	(automatically selected);	
	< 400 W typ, 650 W maximum	
Operating temperature range	0 to 55 °C	
Storage temperature range ¹	-40 to 70 °C	
Altitude	0 to 4600 m (15,000 ft)	
Humidity	Relative humidity - type tested at 95%, +40 °C	
Tullidity	(non-condensing)	
Environmental Testing	Samples of this product have been type tested in	
	accordance with the Agilent Environmental Test Manual	
	and verified to be robust against the environmental	
	stresses of storage, transportation and end-use; those	
	stresses include but are not limited to temperature,	
	humidity, shock, vibration, altitude and power line	
	conditions; test methods are aligned with IEC 60068-2	
	and levels are similar to MIL-PRF-28800F Class 32	
EMC	Conforms to the immunity and emission requirements of	
	IEC/EN 61326-1 including the conducted and radiated	
	emission requirements of CISPR Pub 11/2003 Group 1	
	Class A	
Acoustic noise	Normal: 53 dBA (nom)	
	Worst case: 62 dBA (nom) ³	
Storage	Memory is shared by instrument states, user data files,	
	sweep list files, and waveform sequences	
	There is 14 MB of flash memory available in the	
	E8267D PSG	
	With Option 009, there is an additional 8 GB of storage	
	Depending on how the memory is utilized, a maximum of	
	1000 instrument states can be saved	
Security	Display blanking	
	Memory clearing functions (see application note	
	"Security Features of Agilent Technologies Signal	
	Generators," Part Number E4400-90621)	
	With Option 009, all user-written files are stored on an	
Compatibility	8 GByte removable flash memory card Agilent 83550 Series millimeter heads and OML	
Compatibility	millimeter source modules	
	Agilent 8757D scalar network analyzers Agilent EPM Series power meters	
Self-test	Internal diagnostic routine tests most modules	
Jen-test	(including microcircuits) in a preset condition; for each	
	module, if its node voltages are within acceptable limits,	
	then the module "passes" the test	
Weight	< 25 kg (54 lb.) net, < 33 kg (74 lb.) shipping	
Dimensions	178 mm H x 426 mm W x 515 mm D	
2	(7" H x 16.8" W x 20.3" D)	
Recommended calibration cycle	24 months	

^{1.} Storage below –20 °C instrument states may be lost.

^{2.} As is the case with all signal generation equipment, phase noise specifications are not warranted in a vibrating environment.

3. This is louder than typical Agilent equipment: 60 dBA (nom).

Input/Output Descriptions

Front panel connectors (All connectors are BNC female unless otherwise noted)1

RF output	Output impedance 50 Ω (nom)
Option 520	Precision APC-3.5 male or precision type-N female with Option 1ED
Options 532 and 544	Precision 2.4 mm male; plus 2.4(f) - 2.4(f) mm and 2.4(f) - 2.9(f) mm adaptors
ALC input	Used for negative external detector leveling Nominal input impedance 120 k Ω , damage level \pm 15 V
LF output	Outputs the internally generated LF source; nominal output impedance 50 $\boldsymbol{\Omega}$
External input 1	Drives either AM, FM, or Φ M; nominal input impedance 50 or 600 Ω , damage levels are 5 V_{rms} and 10 V_{peak}
External input 2	Drives either AM, FM, or Φ M; nominal input impedance 50 or 600 Ω , damage levels are 5 V_{rms} and 10 V_{peak}
Pulse/trigger gate input	Accepts input signal for external fast pulse modulation Also accepts external trigger pulse input for internal pulse modulation; nominal impedance 50 Ω Damage levels are 5 V_{rms} and 10 V_{peak}
Pulse video out	Outputs a signal that follows the RF output in all pulse modes; TTL-level compatible, nominal source impedance 50 Ω
Pulse sync out	Outputs a synchronizing pulse, nominally 50 ns width, during internal and triggered pulse modulation; TTL-level compatible, nominal source impedance 50 Ω
Data clock input	Accepts a data clock signal to synchronize serial data for use with internal baseband generator (Option 602) Maximum rate 50 MHz Damage levels are > +5.5 V and < -0.5 V
Data input	Accepts serial data for use with internal baseband generator (Option 602); maximum rate 50 Mb/s; data must be valid on the falling edges of data clock (normal mode) or the symbol sync (symbol mode); damage levels are $> +5.5$ V and < -0.5 V
I input	Accepts an "I" input either for I/Q modulation or for wideband AM; nominal input impedance 50 or 600 Ω Damage levels are 1 V_{rms} and 5 V_{peak} .
Q input	Accepts a "Q" input for I/Q modulation; nominal input impedance 50 or 600 Ω . Damage levels are 1 V_{rms} and 5 V_{peak}
Symbol sync input	Accepts symbol sync signal for use with internal baseband generator (Option 602); symbol sync might occur once per symbol or be a single, one bit wide pulse to synchronize the first bit of the first symbol; maximum rate 50 MHz; damage levels are > +5.5 V and < -0.5 V

^{1.} Digital inputs and outputs are 3.3 V CMOS unless indicated otherwise. Inputs will accept 5 V CMOS, 3 V CMOS or TTL voltage levels.

Rear panel connectors (All connectors are BNC female unless otherwise noted.)¹

Auxiliary interface (Dual mode)	Used for RS-232 serial communication and for master/slave source synchronization (9-pin D-subminiature female connector)
	For master/slave operation, use Agilent part number 8120-8806 master/slave interface cable
GPIB	Allows communication with compatible devices
LAN	Allows 10 Base-T LAN communication
10 MHz input 10 MHz output	Accepts a 10 MHz external reference (timebase) input; nominal input impedance 50 Ω . Damage levels > +10 dBm Outputs internal or external reference signal; nominal
	output impedance 50 Ω . Nominal output power +10 dBm
Sweep output (dual mode)	Supplies a voltage proportional to the RF power or frequency sweep ranging from 0 volts at the start of sweep to +10 volts (nom) at the end of sweep, regardless of sweep width
	During CW operation, supplies a voltage proportional to the output frequency, +10 volts (nom) corresponding to the maximum specified frequency
	When connected to an Agilent 8757D scalar network analyzer (Option 007), generates a selectable number of equally spaced 1 µs pulses (nom) across a ramp (analog) sweep; number of pulses can be set from 101 to 1601 by remote control from the 8757D
Stop sweep in/out	Output impedance: < 1 Ω (nom), can drive 2000 Ω Open-collector, TTL-compatible input/output; in ramp sweep operation, provides low level (nominally 0 V) during sweep retrace and bandcross intervals, and high level during the forward portion of the sweep; sweep will stop when grounded externally; sweep will resume when allowed to go high
Trigger output (dual mode)	Outputs a TTL signal; high at start of dwell, or when waiting for point trigger; low when dwell is over or point trigger is received; in ramp sweep mode, provides 1601 equally-spaced 1 µs pulses (nom) across a ramp sweep; when using LF out, provides 2 µs pulse at start of LF sweep
Trigger input	Accepts 3.3 V CMOS signal for triggering point-to-point in manual sweep mode, or to trigger start of LF sweep; damage levels \geq +10 V or \leq -4 V
Source module interface	For Agilent 83550 Series mm source modules: provides bias, flatness correction, and leveling connections For OML SxxMS-AG mm source modules: provides power to the module and returns frequency multiplication information from the module
Source settled	Provides an output trigger that indicates when the signal generator has settled to a new frequency or power level; high indicates source not settled, low indicates source settled
Z-axis blank/markers	During ramp sweep, supplies +5 V (nom) level during retrace and bandswitch intervals; supplies –5 V (nom) level when the RF frequency is at a marker frequency
10 MHz EFC	(Option UNX or UNY) Accepts an external DC voltage, ranging from –5V to +5V, for electronic frequency control (EFC) of the internal 10 MHz reference oscillator; this voltage inversely tunes the oscillator about its center frequency approximately –0.07 ppm/V; the nominal input impedance is greater than 1 $M\Omega$
.25 – 3.2 GHz coherent carrier output	Outputs RF signal modulated with FM or Φ M but not I/Q, AM or pulse; nominal power 0 dBm; frequency range from 250 MHz to 3.2 GHz; not useful for output frequency > 3.2 GHz; damage levels 20 V _{DC} and 13 dBm reverse RF power; (SMA female)

^{1.} Digital inputs and outputs are 3.3 V CMOS unless indicated otherwise. Inputs will accept 5 V CMOS, 3 V CMOS or TTL voltage levels.

Baseband generator clock input	Accepts a sine or square wave PECL clock input with a frequency range of 200 to 400 MHz (resulting in sample rates of 50 MSa/s to 100 MSa/s); the recommended input level is approximately 1 V _{peak-to-peak} for a square wave and 0 dBm to 6 dBm for a sine wave; allows the baseband generators of multiple signal sources to run off same clock
Burst gate input	Accepts signal for gating burst power for use with internal baseband generator (Option 602); the burst gating is used for externally supplying data and clock information; the input signal must be synchronized with the external data input that will be output during the burst; the burst power envelope and modulated data are internally delayed and re-synchronized; the input signal must be CMOS high for normal burst RF power or CW RF output power and CMOS low for RF off; damage levels are > +5.5 V and < -0.5 V
Event 1 output	In real-time mode, outputs a pattern or frame synchronization pulse for triggering or gating external equipment, for use with internal baseband generator (Option 602); may be set to start at the beginning of a pattern, frame, or timeslot and is adjustable to within \pm one timeslot with one bit resolution; in arbitrary waveform mode, outputs a timing signal generated by marker 1
Event 2 output	In real-time mode, outputs a data enable signal for gating external equipment, for use with internal baseband generator (Option 602); applicable when external data is clocked into internally generated timeslots; data is enabled when signal is low; in arbitrary waveform mode, outputs a timing signal generated by marker 2
I and Q outputs	Outputs the analog I/Q modulation signals from the internal baseband generator; nominal output impedance 50 Ω , DC-coupled; damage levels \pm 3.5 V
I and Q outputs	Outputs the complement of the I and Q signals for differential applications; nominal output impedance 50 Ω , DC-coupled; damage levels \pm 3.5 V
Pattern trigger input	Accepts signal to trigger internal pattern or frame generator to start single pattern output, for use with internal baseband generator (Option 602); minimum pulse width 100 ns; damage levels are > +5.5 V and < -0.5 V
Wideband I and Q inputs	Direct differential high-bandwidth analog inputs to I/Q modulator in 3.2 to 44 GHz range and useable for carriers < 3.2 GHz; not calibrated; 0 dBm maximum; (Option 016 only)
Removable flash memory drive	Accepts 8 GB compact flash memory card for optional non-volatile memory (Option 009 only); all user information (save/recall settings, flatness files, presets, etc.) is stored on removable memory card when Option 009 is installed
Alternate power input	Accepts CMOS signal for synchronization of external data and alternate power signal timing; damage levels are > +8 V and < -4V
Data clock output Data output	Relays a CMOS bit clock signal for synchronizing serial data; outputs data from the internal data generator or the externally supplied signal at data input; CMOS signal
Event 3 output	In arbitrary waveform mode, outputs a timing signal generated by marker 3; damage levels $> +8$ V and < 4 V
Event 4 output	In arbitrary waveform mode, outputs a timing signal generated by marker 4; damage levels > +8 V and < 4 V
Symbol sync output	Outputs CMOS symbol clock for symbol synchronization, one data clock period wide

Auxiliary I/O connector (37-pin) used with Option 602

Options, Accessories, and Related Products

Model/option	Description
E8267D-520	Frequency range from 250 kHz to 20 GHz
E8267D-532	Frequency range from 250 kHz to 31.8 GHz
E8267D-544	Frequency range from 250 kHz to 44 GHz
E8267D-602	Internal baseband generator, 64 MSa memory
E8267D-003	PSG digital output connectivity with N5102A
E8267D-004	PSG digital input connectivity with N5102A
E8267D-007	Analog ramp sweep
E8267D-009	8 GB removable flash memory
E8267D-016	Wideband external I/Q inputs
E8267D-403	Calibrated AWGN
E8267D-409	Global positioning system (GPS) personality
E8267D-422	Scenario generator for GPS personality
E8267D-UNX	Ultra-low phase noise
E8267D-UNY	Enhanced ultra-low phase noise
E8267D-UNT	AM, FM, phase modulation, and LF output
E8267D-UNU	Pulse modulation
E8267D-UNW	Narrow pulse modulation
E8267D-1ED	Type-N (f) RF output connector
E8267D-1EH	Improved harmonics below 2 GHz
E8267D-1EM	Moves all front panel connectors to the rear panel
E8267D-1CN	Front handle kit
E8267D-1CM	Rackmount flange kit
E8267D-1CP	Rackmount flange and front handle kit
E8267D-UK6	Commercial calibration certificate and test data
E8267D-CD1	CD-ROM containing the English documentation set
E8267D-ABA	Printed copy of the English documentation set
E8267D-0BW	Printed copy of the assembly-level service guide
E8267D-SP2	Dynamic sequencing capability
Application Software	
E8267D-SP1	Signal Studio for jitter injection
N7600B	Signal Studio for 3GPP W-CDMA FDD
N7601B	Signal Studio for 3GPP2 CDMA
N7602B	Signal Studio for GSM/Edge
N7606A	Signal Studio for <i>Bluetooth</i> ®
N7613A	Signal Studio for 802.16-2004 Fixed WiMax™
N7615B	Signal Studio for 802.16 OFDMA Mobile WiMax
N7617B	Signal Studio for 802.11 WLAN
N7619A	Signal Studio for multiband OFDM UWB
N7620A	Signal Studio for pulse building
N7621B	Signal Studio for multitone distortion testing
N7622A	Signal Studio Toolkit
N7623B	Signal Studio for digital video
N6171A	MATLAB software
Special Options	
E8267D-H1S	1 GHz external frequency reference input
E8267D-H1G	Connections for phase coherency and improved phase stability < 250 MHz
E8267D-HCC	Connections for phase coherency > 250 MHz ¹
E8267D-H18	Wideband modulation below 3.2 GHz
Accessories	
U3035P	Distribution network (lock box) ¹
1819-0427	8 GByte compact flash memory card
8120-8806	Master/slave interface cable
N5102A	Digital signal interface module
N5101A	Baseband Studio PCI card

^{1.} Utilized for multiple source phase coherency applications.

Web Resources

For additional product information, visit:

www.agilent.com/find/psg

For information about renting, leasing or financing Agilent's latest technology, visit: www.agilent.com/find/buyalternatives

For accessory information, visit: www.agilent.com/find/accessories

For additional description of Agilent's IO Libraries Suite features and installation requirements, please go to:

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Related Agilent Literature

Agilent PSG Microwave Signal Generators Brochure, Literature number 5989-1324EN

E8267D PSG Vector Signal Generator Configuration Guide, Literature number 5989-1326EN

E8257D PSG Analog Signal Generator
Data Sheet, Literature number 5989-0698EN
Configuration Guide, Literature number 5989-1325EN

E8663D PSG RF Analog Signal Generator
Data Sheet, Literature number 5990-4136EN
Configuration Guide, Literature number 5990-4137EN

*PSG Two-tone and Multitone Personalities*Application Note AN 1410, Literature number 5988-7689EN

Signal Studio for Pulse Building
Technical Overview, http://wireless.agilent.com/wireless/helpfiles/n7620a/n7620a.htm

Signal Studio for Multitone Distortion
Technical Overview, http://wireless.agilent.com/wireless/helpfiles/n7621/n7621.htm

Agilent I/Q Modulation Considerations for PSG Vector Signal Generators Application Note, Literature number 5989-7057EN

Baseband Studio Digital Signal Interface Module Technical Overview, Literature number 5988-9495EN

Security Features of Agilent Technologies Signal Generators Part Number E4400-90621



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